

VMST/16027

# Catch statistics for Atlantic salmon Arctic charr and brown trout in Icelandic rivers and lakes 2015

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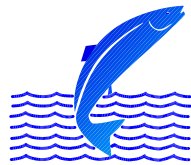
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F I S K I S T O F A



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## Introduction

Five native species of freshwater fishes are found in Iceland. These are the salmonid species, Atlantic salmon (*Salmo salar*), brown trout (*Salmo trutta*) and Arctic charr (*Salvelinus alpinus*). The other two are, European eel (*Anquilla anquilla*) and three-spined sticklebacks (*Gasterosteus aculeatus*). Arctic charr and brown trout can have both resident and migratory forms. Atlantic salmon, Arctic charr and brown trout all have exploited stocks in rivers and lakes in Iceland.

The fishing season for salmon in Icelandic rivers is at the maximum of 105 days in the period from 20<sup>th</sup> of May to 30<sup>th</sup> of September. In rivers where salmon fishery is mainly based on release of reared salmon smolts (ocean ranching) the fishing season can be extended to 120 days and throughout October with permission from the Directorate of Fisheries (Fiskistofa). The daily fishing period is usually 12 hours, and the fishery must be closed for 84 hours each week. In most Icelandic rivers rod and line is the only fishing gear allowed. A fixed number of rods are used in each river. In most rivers fishing effort has remained almost unchanged from 1970. Each Fishery association needs to make a plan that outlines the management strategy. The management plan needs approval by the Directorate of Fisheries after a review by the Institute of Freshwater Fisheries. The length of the fishing season, gear and effort allowed for fishing landlocked brown trout and Arctic charr is decided by local fishery associations (landowners). The fishing season for sea trout (migratory brown trout) and sea charr (migratory Arctic charr) can be decided by fishery associations (landowners) from 1 April to 10<sup>th</sup> of October with a possible extension to 20<sup>th</sup> of October for fish stocks in good condition with exploitable surplus for harvest. The 10 day extension needs approval by the Directorate of Fisheries.

Net fishery is almost exclusively bound to the largest glacial rivers where angling possibilities are limited due to turbid water. In the net fishery gillnets are the most common fishing method and draftnet are the fishing method used at few locations for catching brown trout and Arctic charr. The weekly net fishing period lasts from Tuesday morning at 10 AM to Friday evening at 10 PM. The weekly fishing period in net fisheries is 84 hours, the same number of hours as the weekly fishing opening as in the rod fishery. The weekend closure, in the net fishery, is to reduce fishing effort and enhance fish migration to the up rivers regions and tributaries.

There has been a general ban, by law, on ocean salmon fishing in Icelandic waters since 1932. An exception to that were five localities (farms) in West Iceland with coastal fishery (Figure 1). At these localities coastal gillnets set from land were used. These fishing rights were permanently bought out in 1997 by fishery associations in nearby rivers and with

governmental support. This was possible since salmon caught by anglers are of much higher economic value than salmon caught in the net fishery. All salmon harvested in Iceland is in freshwater and mostly based on exploitation of a single stock.

The fishing rights go with the ownership of the land adjacent to the rivers. The landowners are usually farmers. All the landowners of the fishing rights in a river system have by law to form a fishery association, which manages the exploitation of the fish stocks, within the frame set by the law. Usually the rivers fishery association rents or leases the fishing rights to angling syndicates, angling clubs or directly to anglers. The entire riverbank is accessible to the limited number of rod fishermen that have fishing permit each day. Most rivers have fishing lodges with high quality accommodation.

The catch is recorded in special logbooks in the fishing lodges. The logbook recording system was established in 1946. At the end of the fishing season the logbooks from every river are gathered and statistical information are processed by the Institute of Freshwater Fisheries. A statistical report is sent back to the fisheries associations as well as new logbooks before the next fishing season. Online electronic catch recording in a central database is now possible and can be accessed through the Institute of Freshwater Fisheries web page ([http://www.veidimal.is/default.asp?Sid\\_Id=53634&tId=1&Tre\\_Rod=001|003|001|&qsr](http://www.veidimal.is/default.asp?Sid_Id=53634&tId=1&Tre_Rod=001|003|001|&qsr))

Catch statistics for Atlantic salmon, brown trout and Arctic charr from Icelandic rivers and lakes for the 2013 fishing season have now been compiled and the main results are summarized in this report. This work is based on Gudbergsson (2015), **Lax- og silungsveiðin 2015** a report from the Institute of Freshwater Fisheries (in Icelandic). The Atlantic salmon, brown trout and Arctic charr catch statistics have been compiled this way annually since 1987.

## **Methods**

Iceland is divided into statistical regions regarding to salmon catches (Figure 1). Information on the catch is summarized in tables for each region. The results from all regions are then combined for the whole country. The catch statistics for each river is summarized by fishing gear used. Rod and line is the most common harvesting methods but gillnets and draft nets are also used. The number of fish released (catch and release) from the rod fisheries are recorded. In previous years ocean ranching harvest has also been summarised. However, there has not been any release of smolts for commercial ocean ranching of salmon since 1998.



By tradition, the weight of freshwater fish in Iceland was measured in pounds where 1 pound = 500 g. By a decision made in 1999 this was changed to kg and the accuracy of 0,1 kg was anticipated. Fish length is to be measured to the nearest cm. For each fish, date of catch, pool name and number, type of bait, whether the fish is landed or released, as well as the name of the fisherman is recorded in the logbook. Fishing pools are commonly numbered in the logbooks for ease of listing and computer processing.

The salmon catch can be divided by weight into grilse (1SW, one sea winter) and salmon (2SW, two sea winter). The split for the two sea-age classes is made from weight distribution where males up to 4 kg and females up to 3.5 kg are grilse (one sea winter) and larger fish are salmon (multi sea winter) where off the vast majority is two sea winter salmon. This deviation into sea age has been confirmed with aging by scales with relatively little overlap in the weight distribution (Scarnecchia 1983). Salmon with more than 2 winters at sea are rare in Iceland and repeated spawning has been in low percentages in later years.

Brown trout and Arctic charr are caught in many rivers as a by-catch with the salmon. In other rivers these are the most dominant and targeted fish species. In some rivers brown trout and Arctic charr are the dominant species at certain parts of the rivers especially at slow flowing areas at the lower regions of the rivers. In this report stationary trout and sea-trout were combined, and the same applies for sea-run Arctic charr and stationary Arctic charr.

In the rod fishery the number of fish caught and released has been increasing. At first this was done on a voluntarily basis by the anglers but in few rivers catch and release is the only allowed fishing method. Many rivers have fly-fishing only, release of two sea winter fish (fish larger than 69 cm) and bag limit of different magnitude is common. In most recent years, anglers have been encouraged by the Institute of Freshwater Fisheries, the Federation of Icelandic river owners and the Association of Icelandic angling clubs to release two-sea winter salmon in order to protect the two-sea winter salmon stock component. The catch statistics is processed for both the total catch including catch and released and the catch landed in numbers of fish and weight. Measure of length is more common than measure of weight for released fish. In cases where length is the only measure a known length weight relationship is used to calculate weight as a basis for determination of sea age composition of the catches.

In Iceland the rod catch in few rivers is based on the release of hatchery reared salmon smolts (ocean ranching to rod fishery). The catch in these rivers were 13.806 fish in 2015 and 20% of the total salmon rod catch. The catch in these rivers is reported separately since catch figures

are often used as a measure of stock abundance of wild salmon and as a measure of spawning stock size. Unlike rivers with wild salmon populations, most of the rivers with releases of hatchery smolts for angling fishery have poor nursery areas and the returning adult fish do not contribute to the spawning stock.

## Results

A total of 71.708 salmon were caught in rod fisheries in Icelandic rivers in 2015 where off 28.120 (39,2%) was released and the catch landed (caught and retained) was 43.588 salmon (Table 1). The catch landed by weight in the rod fishery was 109.713 kg. In the rod fishery the catch of grilse (1SW) were 61.576 fish (85,8%) and 89.789 kg and 10.132 salmon (MSW) (14,2%) weighing 19.924 kg. Of the total number of released fish 21.914 (77,9%) were grilse and 6.205 (22,1 %) salmon. Of the statistical regions the highest number of fish was caught in the rod fishery in the Vesturland region 22.109 fish where off 7.261 were released and the catch landed was 14.848 fish and 34.229 kg. There were fewer fish recorded in other areas (Table 1).

The catch in the net fishery was 6.180 fish and 15.388 kg in total. In the net fisheries the highest number of fish was caught in the Sudurland region, 5.964 fish and 14.878 kg (Table 2). Of the net catch 5.506 fish was grilse (1SW) weighing 12.230 kg and 674 salmon (MSW) weighing 3.158 kg.

The total combined salmon catch landed (rod and nets) in Iceland 2014 was 49.768 fish and 125.101 kg, there off 45.169 were 1SW and 4.599 MSW. The total 1SW catch was 109.019 kg and the MSW catch was 23.082 kg (Table 3).

The total number of brown trout caught in rod fishery was 33.207 fish, 10.104 were released and the catch landed was 23.103 fish and 28.904 kg (table 4). The total number of Arctic charr in the rod fishery was 24.643 fish, 3.338 were released and the catch landed was 21.295 fish and 14.476 kg.

The salmon rod catch in 2015 was the fourth highest recorded and double the catch in 2014 (table 5; figure 2). The total rod catch in 2015 was 76% higher than the average catch in the 40 years period from 1974 to 2014. The salmon catch in the net fishery was 59% higher than in 2014 (3.663 fish), close to half the average catch in the period from 1974-2014 (Table 5, Figure 3).

In 2015 the rod catch in rivers where the catch is mainly based on releases of hatchery reared smolts (ocean ranching) was 13.806 fish that is 19,2% of the total number of fish caught and 12,9 tonnes. The rod catch of wild salmon in 2015 was 57.902 fish (Table 5, figure 3). In total 39,2% of the salmon rod catches was released and 46,9% of the wild salmon was released in the rod fishery.

The catch landed of wild salmon in 2015, rod and net catch combined, was 36.914 fish that is close 84% of the average catch landed in the period from 1974-2014.

No commercial ocean ranching activities have been operating since 1998. In previous years, substantial activities of ocean ranching with Atlantic salmon was operated in Iceland reaching up to 168 thousand fish caught in 1993 as the highest catch (harvest) (Table 5; Figure 4).

The highest number of salmon caught in rod fishery was in River Ytri-Rangá 8.802 fish with River Miðfjarðará in second place with 5.911 fish. The angling catch in River Blanda and its tributary Svartá came in third place with 5.425 wild salmon. The list of top 10 salmon rivers is shown in table 6. The top 3 list for catch landed also showed Ytri-Rangá with 8.078 fish landed, River Blanda with 4.549 landed fish and River Eystri-Rangá with landed catch of 2.620 fish.

The top 10 list of brown trout is shown in table 7 and the top 10 list of Arctic charr is shown in table 8. The catch of brown in Iceland was relatively stable for the first decade of the 21<sup>th</sup> century but showed decrease for the last 3 years (Figure 5). The catch of Arctic charr has generally been decreasing since 2000 (Figure 6). The decrease in the Arctic charr catch may to large extent reflect the stock size and is causing serious concerns for the status of the spawning stocks in many rivers. The catch of brown trout has increased in some rivers where the Arctic charr have declined.

The rod catch records for individual rivers are listed by statistical areas in tables 9-15. The salmon catch in most Icelandic rivers are listed in table 16 for the period from 1974-2015 including average catch, maximum and minimum catch in the 42 year period. The rod catch of brown trout from 1987-2015 (29 years) is listed in table 17 and of Arctic charr is listed in table 18.

The catch in the net fisheries divided by species, rivers and regions is listed in table 19. The highest net catch of salmon was in River Thjórsá with 3.889 salmon caught.

The sea-age composition of the salmon catches is shown in figure 7. The figure includes rivers with annual catch records since 1970 and includes 88% of the average the annual salmon catch. It is worth noticing that after high catch in the 1980s the catch of 1SW salmon decreased after 1979 and increased after 1985. The MSW salmon showed similar pattern until 1980 but opposite to the increasing catch of 1SW fish the MSW salmon stock component showed a decline from the mid 1980's to 2000. After 2000 the declining trend of MSW salmon seems to have turned. Due to the decline of the MSW salmon component anglers are kindly asked to release MSW salmon in order to prevent the MSW component from overfishing and to conserve the MSW genetic resources in the salmon stocks.

Catch and release in the rod fishery has increased from 1996 when first recorded. In 2015 the percentage catch and released was 39,2% of the total salmon rod but 46,9% of the wild salmon (Figure 8). Catch and release was 35,6% of the total grilse catch (1SW) and 42,8% of the wild grilse (Figure 9). The proportion of catch and release of salmon (MSW) was 60,7% in total and 70% of the wild salmon.

Catch and release for brown trout and Arctic charr have increased and was 13,2% for Arctic charr and 30,4% for brown trout in 2015 (Figure 10).

## **Discussion**

Since 1932 there has been a general ban on ocean fishery for salmon in Icelandic waters with the exception of few locations with coastal fishery. The number of nets in rivers has been decreasing due to lease of nets, by river owner fisheries associations for not fishing. The fishing right in coastal areas was permanently bought out in 1997 by river owners with support from the government. From 1997 all salmon in Iceland were harvested in freshwater. The number of rods allowed and used in Icelandic salmon rivers has been stable since 1970. With stable effort the catch figures can to large extent be used as an indicator for changes in size of the salmon run. It can also be seen from the catch statistics that the salmon catch in rivers in the same area show similar fluctuations. Rivers where fish counters are operated show that exploitation remains stable over time although exploitation is slightly higher in years when the salmon run is low (Jonsson, Antonsson and Gudjonsson 2008, Gudbergsson and Antonsson 2008).

In Icelandic rivers the MSW salmon is dominated by 2SW fish. Longer sea phase than two years is rare and repeated spawning is in low percentages. The proportion of MSW fish is

usually higher in rivers in the north and northeast Iceland than in the south and southwest regions. Since 1981-1983 the number of MSW salmon has been declining. This happened although the sex ratio of the run is stable with close to 65% females for MSW and 20% for 1SW for the period from 1973. That relates to higher mortality at the second year at sea in the later years (Gudbergsson and Gudjonsson 2003). The reason for this is not clear but this seems to relate to environmental conditions in the ocean (Gudjonsson et al. 1995). This might indicate changes in oceanic condition reflecting changes in the availability for food especially for salmon at their second year at sea. These changes have affected the catch in rivers with high proportion of 2SW salmon and also the size of the spawning stock since MSW salmon are dominated by females that have double the number of eggs to the 1SW females.

There are considerable fluctuations between years in the salmon catch in Iceland. Usually salmon catch in rivers in the same region show similar fluctuations. The size of the salmon run depends on the number of smolts produced in each river and their sea survival. It seems that common factors affect the production of smolts in the rivers in the same area and also the sea survival. Climatic factors are of seems to have strongest effects and significant correlation has been found between the catch of grilse and ocean temperature at the time the smolts are migrating in the spring or early summer (Scarnecchia 1984; Antonsson et al. 1996).

The exploitation rate in the rod fisheries, in Icelandic rivers, has been estimated 30-80% (Gudjonsson 1986). Recent information on exploitation in the rod fishery indicates that it can, in some rivers, be 50-60% for 1SW salmon and 60-80% for 2SW salmon (Gudjonsson et al. 1996, Jónsson et al. 2008). In rivers with fish counters it has been shown that the rod catch reflects the changes in stock size. Further studies on exploitation and the size of the spawning stock in Icelandic salmon rivers are needed.

The brown trout catch was generally stable for the first decade of the century past 12 with a decline for the past four years. Catch of Arctic charr on the other hand have shown a decrease from 2001. The decline in catch of Arctic charr is in all statistical area. The reasons for the decline in catch of Arctic charr are not known but can possibly relate to climate change. The mechanism for this is not fully understood and needs further studies. There are concerns that some Arctic charr stocks in Iceland do not have harvestable surplus. The fishing right owners should take the necessary precautions for decreasing or stopping the exploitation before the size of spawning stock and recruitment will become the limiting factor for the stock size.

Anglers are encouraged to record the trout and charr catch in the same manner as the salmon catch i.e. record each fish with information on length weight and sex of each fish etc. as listed in the log books. The catch record gives valuable information on fluctuation in fish stock and the compositions of the catches.

The status of the MSW salmon component is of major concern. The Institute of Freshwater Fisheries has encouraged the River Fisheries Associations to decrease the exploitation of the MSW salmon stock component.

### **Acknowledgements**

Many of the staff at the Institute of Freshwater Fisheries has contributed to the compilation of the catch statistics in 2015. We are in thankful to River Fishery Associations, fishing right owners, Angling syndicates and last but not least individual anglers that have contributed with recording their catch in the fishing log books.

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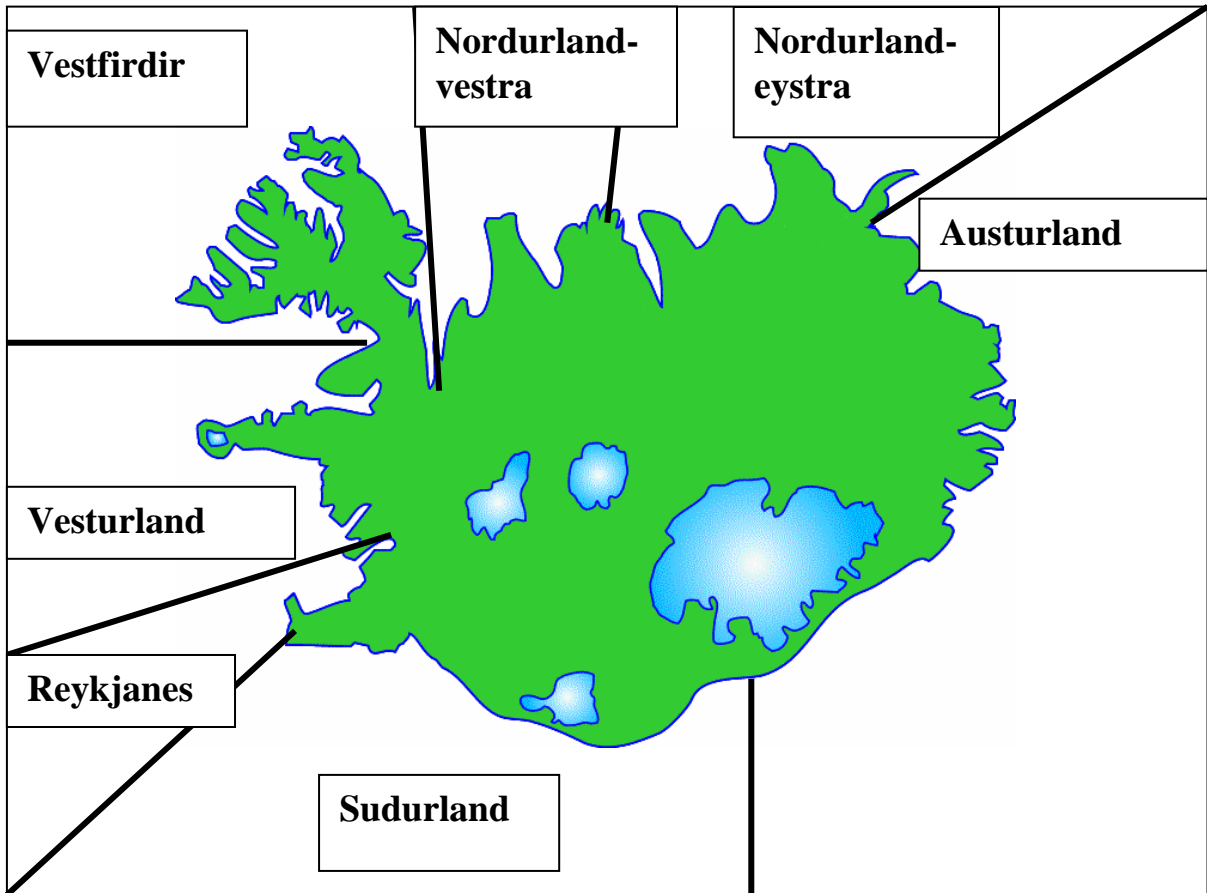


Figure 1. Statistical regions for the Atlantic salmon, brown trout and Arctic charr catch in Iceland.



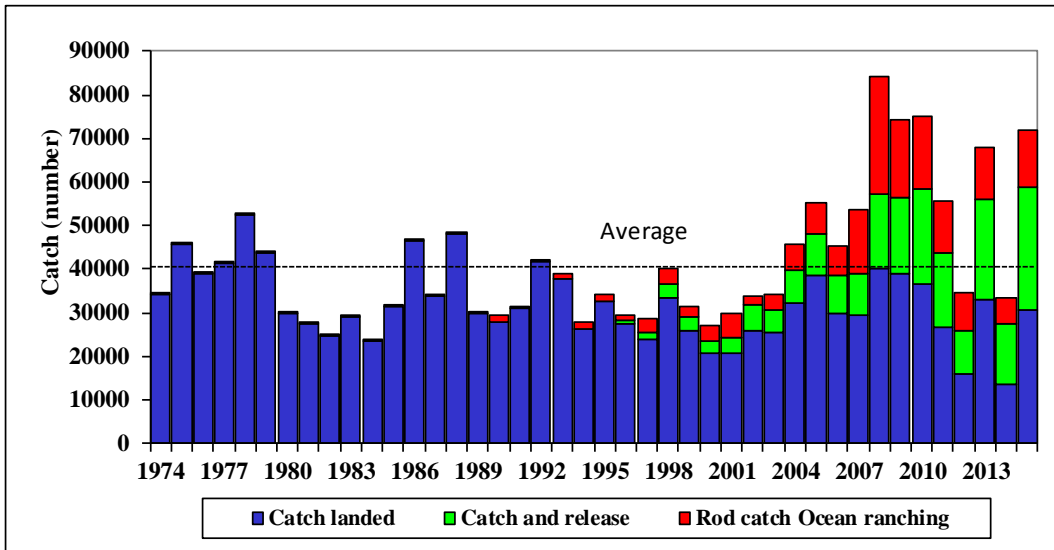


Figure 2. Salmon catch in rod and line fishery in Iceland 1974 - 2015. Catch landed (blue bars), catch and release (green bars) and catch in rivers with salmon fishery based mainly on smolt releases for Ocean ranching (red bars).

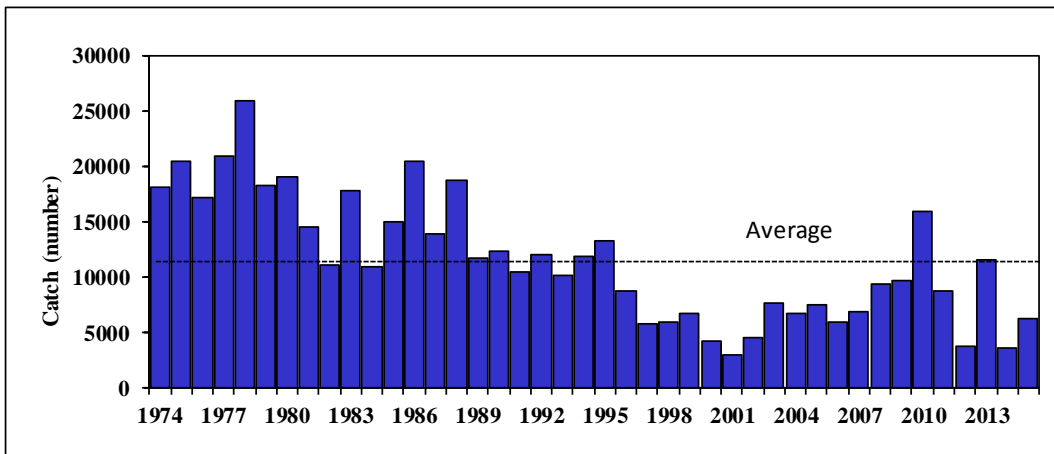


Figure 3. Salmon catch in gillnet fishery in Iceland 1974 - 2015.

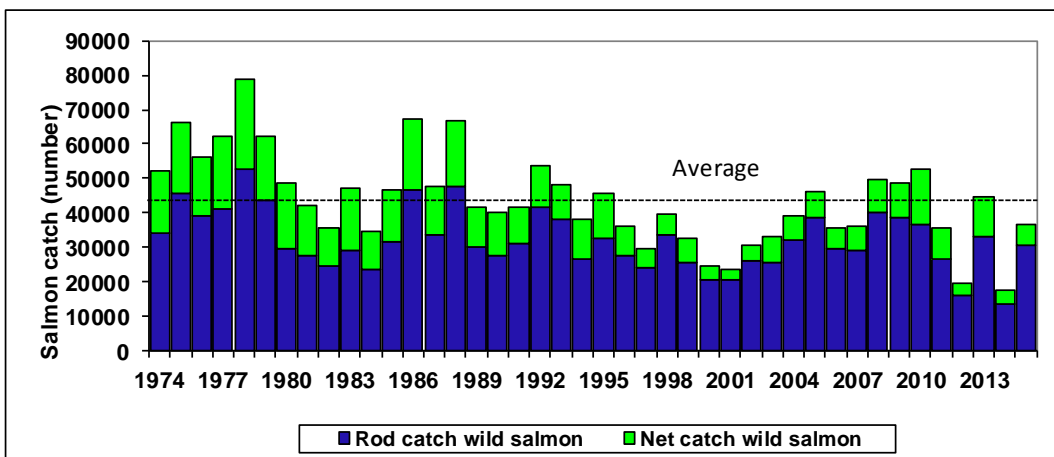


Figure 4. Salmon catch landed, wild salmon in rod fishery (blue bars) and net fishery (green bars) 1974-2015.

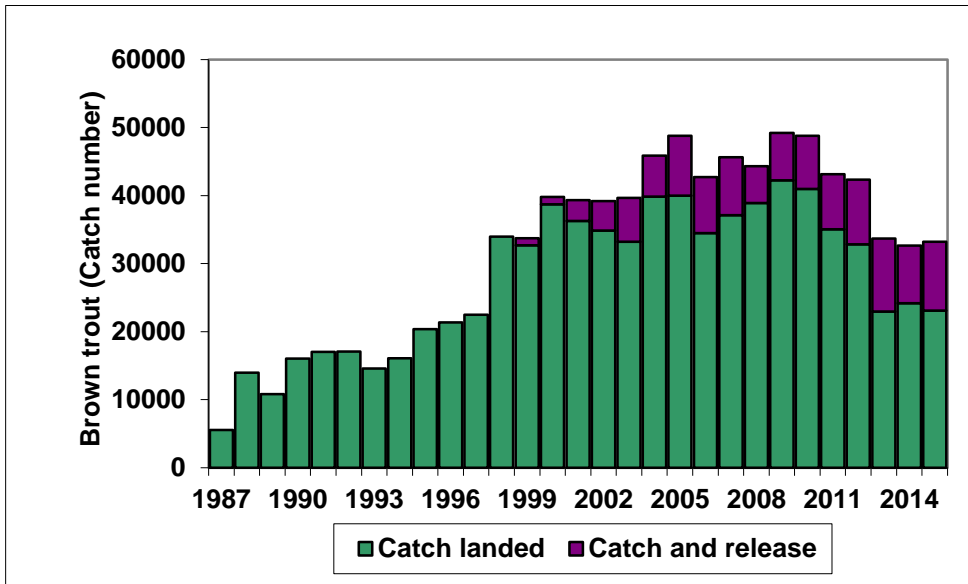


Figure 5. Catch and catch and released brown trout in the rod fishery in Iceland 1987-2015.

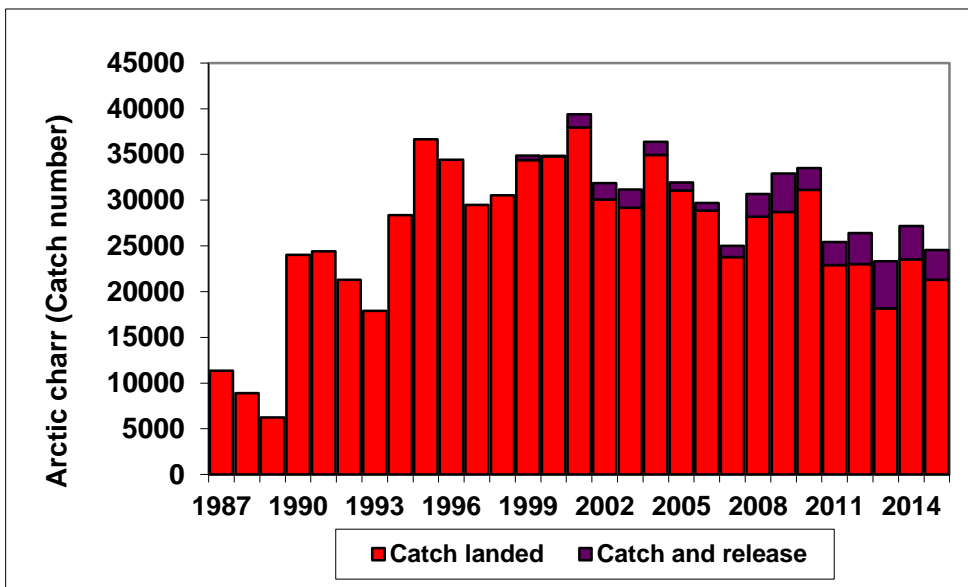


Figure 6. Catch and catch and released Arctic charr in the rod fishery in Iceland 1987-2015.

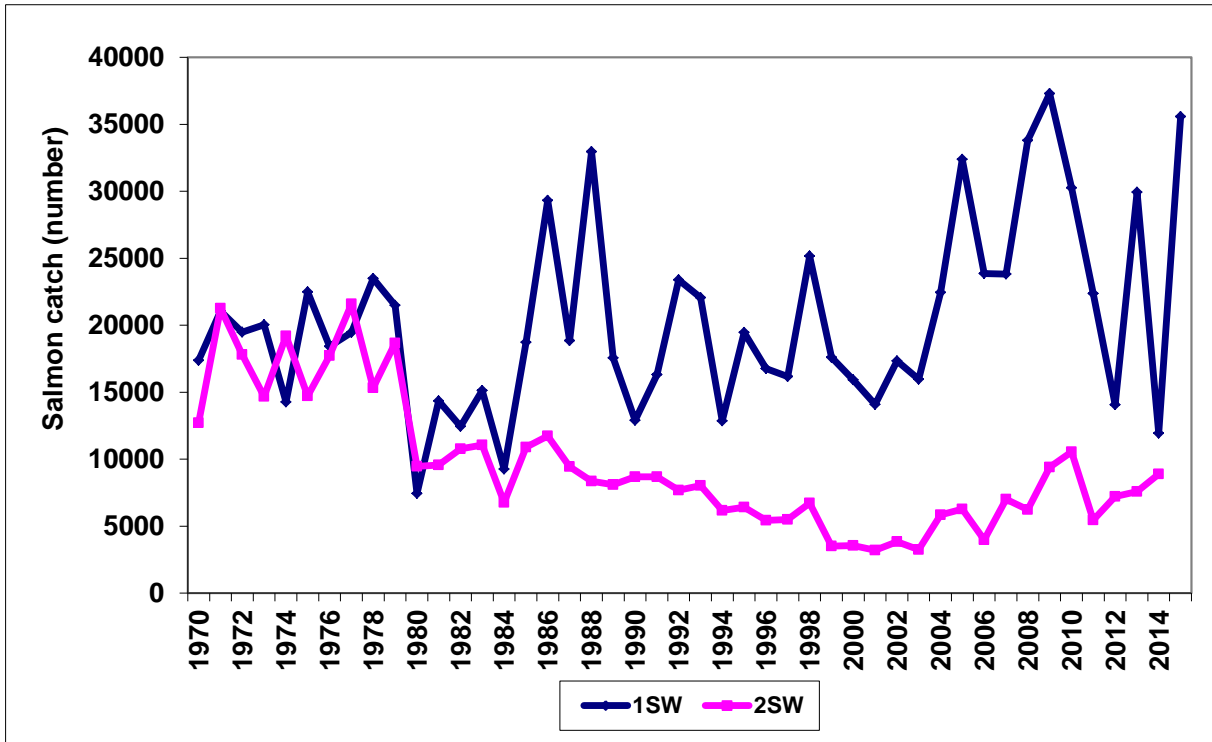


Figure 7. The sea-age composition, by smolt cohort, of Atlantic salmon in rod catches in Icelandic rivers 1970-2015 (1SW = one-sea-winter, 2SW = two-sea-winter).

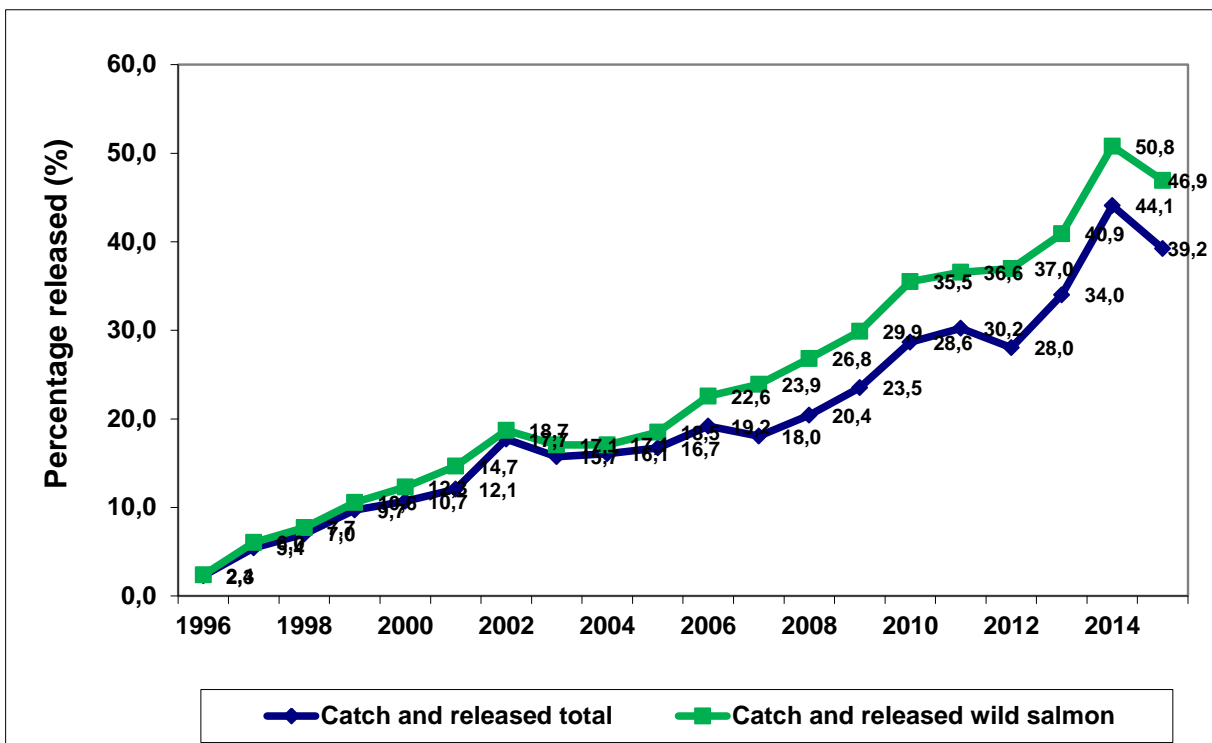


Figure 8. Percentage released salmon in the rod catch in Icelandic salmon rivers in 1996-2015 for the total catch and for wild salmon only.

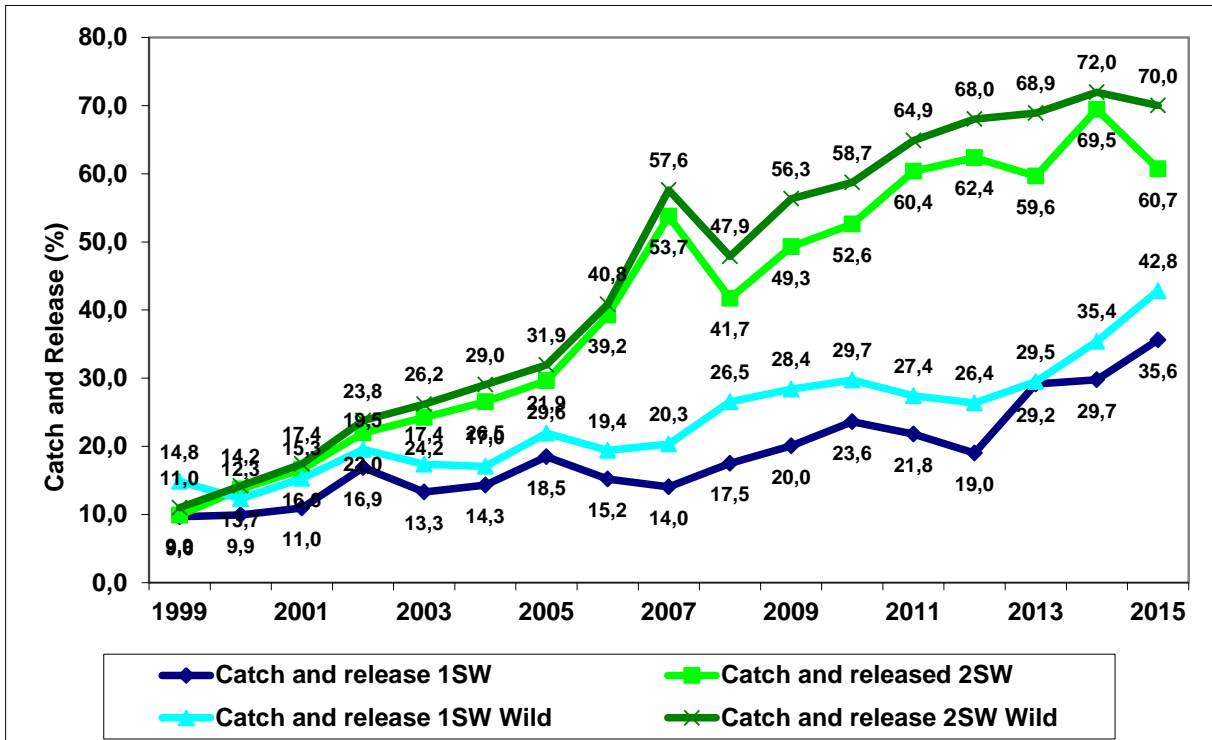


Figure 9. Percentage released fish in the rod catch in Icelandic salmon rivers in 1999-2015 for 1SW and 2SW salmon in the total catch and for wild salmon only.

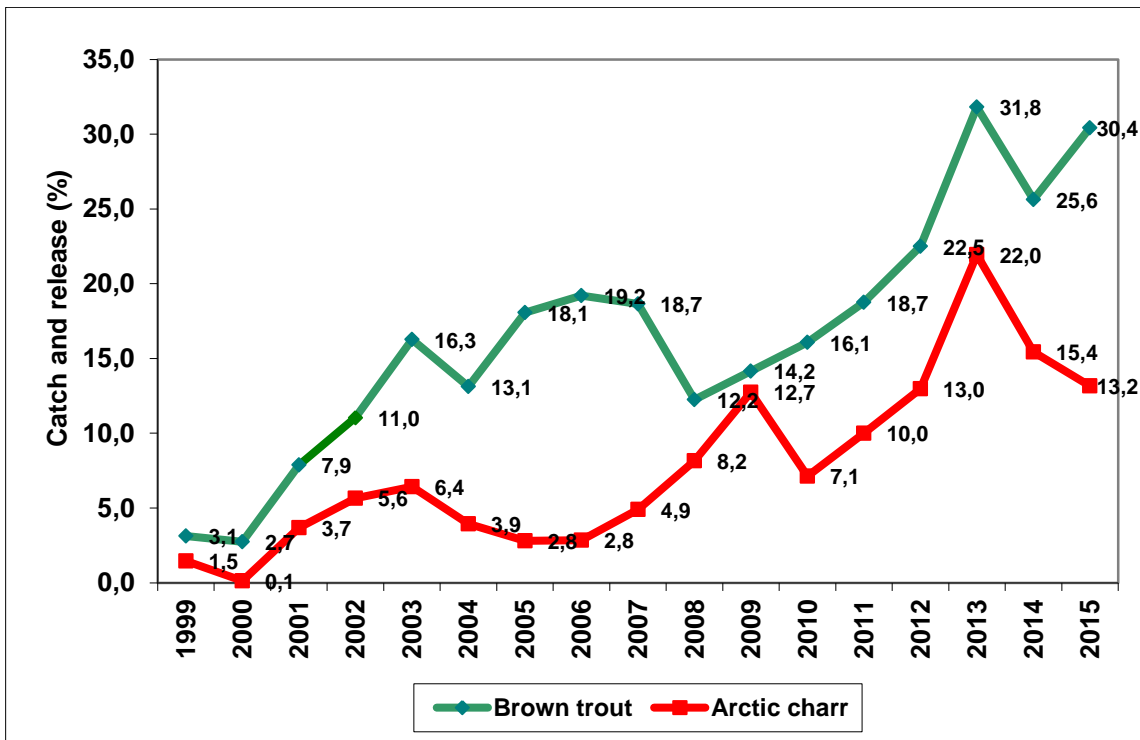


Figure 10. Percentage released brown trout and Arctic charr in the rod catch in Icelandic rivers and lakes in 1999-2015.

Table 1. Salmon catch, rod and line, in Icelandic rivers 2015.

Region	Salmon catch, rod and line											
	Catch	Released	Released	Released	Catch	Catch	Catch	MW	Catch	Catch	MW	Catch
	(number)	(number)	1SW (number)	2SW (number)	landed (number)	landed (kg)	1SW number	1SW (kg)	1SW (kg)	2SW (number)	2SW (kg)	2SW (kg)
Reykjanes	3615	1338	1227	111	2277	5235	2237	2,3	5068	40	4,2	167
Vesturland	22109	7261	6113	1149	14848	34229	14408	2,2	32214	440	4,6	2015
Vestfirðir	1861	425	329	96	1436	3563	1333	2,3	3061	103	4,9	502
Norðurland vestra	18748	11356	9082	2274	7392	21913	6256	2,6	15973	1136	5,2	5940
Norðurland eystra	5520	3584	2291	1291	1936	5599	1582	2,4	3784	354	5,1	1815
Austurland	3494	2354	1427	927	1140	3027	930	2,1	1982	210	5,0	1045
Suðurland	16361	1802	1445	357	14559	36147	12917	2,1	27707	1642	5,1	8440
<b>Total</b>	<b>71708</b>	<b>28120</b>	<b>21914</b>	<b>6205</b>	<b>43588</b>	<b>109713</b>	<b>39663</b>	<b>2,3</b>	<b>89789</b>	<b>3925</b>	<b>5,1</b>	<b>19924</b>

Table 2. Salmon catch, nets, in Icelandic rivers 2015.

Region	Salmon catch, nets						Ranched	
	Catch	Catch	Catch	Catch	Catch	Catch	Catch	landed
	(number)	landed (kg)	1SW number	1SW (kg)	2SW (number)	2SW (kg)	(number)	(kg)
Reykjanes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vesturland	90	187	90	187	0	0	0	0
Vestfirðir	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Norðurland vestra	7	15	7	15	0	0	0	0
Norðurland eystra	118	307	100	220	18	87	0	0
Austurland	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Suðurland	5964	14878	5308	11807	656	3071	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>6180</b>	<b>15388</b>	<b>5506</b>	<b>12230</b>	<b>674</b>	<b>3158</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

Table 3. Total salmon catch in Icelandic rivers 2015, rod, gillnets and ranched.

Region	Salmon catch total (rod, nets and ocean ranched)						Percentage of total	
	Catch	Catch	Catch	Catch	Catch	Catch	Number	Weight
	(number)	landed (kg)	1SW number	1SW (kg)	2SW (number)	2SW (kg)	%	%
Reykjanes	2277	5235	2237	5068	40	167	4,6	4,2
Vesturland	14938	34416	14498	32401	440	2015	30,0	27,5
Vestfirðir	1436	3563	1333	3061	103	502	2,9	2,8
Norðurland vestra	7399	21928	6263	15988	1136	5940	14,9	17,5
Norðurland eystra	2054	5906	1682	4004	372	1902	4,1	4,7
Austurland	1141	3028	931	1983	210	1045	2,3	2,4
Suðurland	20523	51025	18225	39514	2298	11511	41,2	40,8
<b>Total</b>	<b>49768</b>	<b>125101</b>	<b>45169</b>	<b>102019</b>	<b>4599</b>	<b>23082</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>

Table 4. Catch of brown trout and Arctic charr in rod and line fishery in Icelandic river and lakes in 2015.

Region	Catch - rod and line Brown trout (sea-run and stationary)				Catch - rod and line Arctic charr (sea-run and stationary)			
	Catch (number)	Catch and released	Catch landed (number)	Catch landed (kg)	Catch (number)	Catch and released	Catch landed (number)	Catch landed (kg)
Reykjanes	369	91	278	273	177	0	167	81
Vesturland	1665	253	1412	1456	964	103	861	666
Vestfirðir	479	309	170	169	800	110	690	430
Norðurland vestra	5648	2071	3577	4304	4080	273	3807	3761
Norðurland eystra	7457	4152	3305	5196	3398	1581	1817	2350
Austurland	528	144	384	334	3036	988	2048	1889
Suðurland	17061	3084	13977	17172	12188	283	11905	5299
<b>Total</b>	<b>33207</b>	<b>10104</b>	<b>23103</b>	<b>28904</b>	<b>24643</b>	<b>3338</b>	<b>21295</b>	<b>14476</b>

**Table 5.** The salmon catch in Iceland 1974-2015 in numbers of fish. Total rod catch, rod catch landed, catch and release, catch in rivers with rod catch based mainly on smolt releases, net catch, harvest in Ocean ranching and total catch of salmon as well as the percentage of released fish.

Year	Rod catch	Catch landed	Catch and release	Catch and release total (%)	Ranched rod catch	Catch and release Ranched rod	Catch landed Ranched rod	Rod catch wild salmon number	Rod catch landed Wild salmon	Catch and release Wild salmon	Catch and release Wild (%)	Net catch landed	Rod and net catch landed	Rod and net catch wild landed	Ocean ranched harvest	Total catch	Percentage Ranched in rod fishery
1974	34107	34107			29		29	34078	34078			18044	52151	52122	3765	55916	0,1
1975	45882	45882			57		57	45825	45825			20402	66284	66227	7720	74004	0,1
1976	39249	39249			95		95	39154	39154			17130	56379	56284	3247	59626	0,2
1977	41302	41302			46		46	41256	41256			20864	62166	62120	2405	64571	0,1
1978	52679	52679			82		82	52597	52597			25946	78625	78543	1953	80578	0,2
1979	43955	43955			98		98	43857	43857			18306	62261	62163	1967	64228	0,2
1980	30007	30007			65		65	29942	29942			18992	48999	48934	3138	52137	0,2
1981	27777	27777			80		80	27697	27697			14478	42255	42175	4626	46881	0,3
1982	24671	24671			65		65	24606	24606			11107	35778	35713	5340	41118	0,3
1983	29267	29267			22		22	29245	29245			17761	47028	47006	11194	58222	0,1
1984	23582	23582			10		10	23572	23572			10912	34494	34484	6595	41089	0,0
1985	31621	31621			17		17	31604	31604			14942	46563	46546	19750	66313	0,1
1986	46671	46671			78		78	46593	46593			20437	67108	67030	24100	91208	0,2
1987	33907	33907			32		32	33875	33875			13960	47867	47835	14140	62007	0,1
1988	47979	47979			53		53	47926	47926			18781	66760	66707	64017	130777	0,1
1989	30082	30082			80		80	30002	30002			11738	41820	41740	48617	90437	0,3
1990	29443	29443			1622		1622	27821	27821			12339	41782	40160	90726	132508	5,5
1991	31492	31492			453		453	31039	31039			10454	41946	41493	133203	175149	1,4
1992	42309	42309			521		521	41788	41788			12062	54371	53850	140763	195134	1,2
1993	39025	39025			1041		1041	37984	37984			10197	49222	48181	168427	217649	2,7
1994	28042	28042			1576		1576	26466	26466			11846	39888	38312	89225	129113	5,6
1995	34241	34241			1523		1523	32718	32718			13185	47426	45903	88527	135953	4,4
1996	29436	28767	669	2,3	1298	0	1298	28138	27469	669	2,4	8668	37435	36137	84365	121800	4,4
1997	28640	27082	1558	5,4	2960	5	2955	25680	24127	1553	6,0	5735	32817	29862	15248	48065	10,3
1998	40286	37460	2826	7,0	3848	16	3832	36438	33628	2810	7,7	5939	43399	39567	11223	54622	9,6
1999	31438	28383	3055	9,7	2536	2	2534	28902	25849	3053	10,6	6657	35040	32506	9648	44688	8,1
2000	27257	24339	2918	10,7	3744	24	3720	23513	20619	2894	12,3	4170	28509	24789	375	28884	13,7
2001	29943	26332	3611	12,1	5466	25	5441	24477	20891	3586	14,7	3043	29375	23934	0	29375	18,3
2002	33767	27782	5985	17,7	1791	31	1760	31976	26022	5954	18,6	4583	32365	30605	0	32365	5,3
2003	34111	28750	5361	15,7	3443	165	3278	30668	25472	5196	16,9	7582	36332	33054	0	36332	10,1
2004	45831	38469	7362	16,1	6285	165	6120	39546	32349	7197	18,2	6742	45211	39091	0	45211	13,7
2005	55168	45944	9224	16,7	7413	228	7185	47755	38759	8996	18,8	7560	53504	46319	0	53504	13,4
2006	45545	36810	8735	19,2	6977	92	6885	38568	29925	8643	22,4	5953	42763	35878	0	42763	15,3
2007	53703	44012	9691	18,0	15053	432	14621	38650	29391	9259	24,0	6826	50838	36217	0	50838	28,0
2008	84124	66946	17178	20,4	29268	2469	26799	54856	40147	14709	26,8	9403	76349	49550	0	76349	34,8
2009	74408	56894	17514	23,5	18884	925	17959	55524	38935	16589	29,9	9607	66501	48542	0	66501	25,4
2010	74961	53485	21476	28,6	17911	1231	16680	57050	36805	20245	35,5	15903	69388	52708	0	69388	23,9
2011	55706	38867	16839	30,2	13417	1372	12045	42289	26822	15467	36,6	8729	47596	35551	0	47596	24,1
2012	34786	25034	9752	28,0	9244	310	8934	25542	16100	9442	37,0	3759	28793	19859	0	28793	26,6
2013	68042	44909	23133	34,0	12009	203	11806	56033	33103	22930	40,9	11583	56492	44686	0	56492	17,6
2014	33598	19982	13616	40,5	6753	586	6167	26845	13815	13030	48,5	3663	23645	17478	0	23645	20,1
2015	71708	43588	28120	39,2	13806	952	12854	57902	30734	27168	46,9	6180	49768	36914	0	49768	19,3
<b>Average</b>																	
<b>1974-2015</b>	<b>41601</b>	<b>36513</b>	<b>10431</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>4627</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>4402</b>	<b>36974</b>	<b>32110</b>	<b>9970</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>11418</b>	<b>47930</b>	<b>43528</b>	<b>25623</b>	<b>73553</b>	
<b>1974-2014</b>	<b>40684</b>	<b>36281</b>	<b>9500</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>4291</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>4089</b>	<b>36393</b>	<b>32192</b>	<b>9064</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>11707</b>	<b>47988</b>	<b>43899</b>	<b>25715</b>	<b>73703</b>	
<b>2005-2014</b>	<b>58004</b>	<b>43288</b>	<b>14716</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>13693</b>	<b>785</b>	<b>12908</b>	<b>44311</b>	<b>30380</b>	<b>13931</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>8299</b>	<b>51587</b>	<b>38679</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>51587</b>	

Table 6. Top 10 lists of salmon rivers in 2015 including catch landed and catch and released and for catch landed only.

No	River	Catch Number <sup>1</sup>	No	River	Catch landed (Number)
1	Ytri-Rangá og Hólsá Vesturbakki.	8802	1	Ytri-Rangá og Hólsá Vesturbakki	8078
2	Miðfjarðará	5911	2	Blanda og Svartá	4549
3	Blanda og Svartá	5425	3	Eystri-Rangá	2620
4	Norðurá	2889	4	Norðurá	1991
5	Eystri-Rangá	2749	5	Langá	1945
6	Langá	2612	6	Hvítá í Borgarfirði &	1167
7	Laxá á Ásum	1778	7	Hítará	1048
8	Haffjarðará	1650	8	Laxá í Leirásveit	788
9	Víðidalsá og Fitjá	1601	9	Flókadalsá	756
10	Laxá í Dölum	1575	10	Pverá og Kjará	740

*includes catcha and release*

Table 7. Top 10 list of river or lakes with brown trout in 2015 including both migratory and stationary fish stocks.

No	River or Lake	Brown trout catch <sup>1</sup> (Number)
1	Lake Veiðivötn	8160
2	River Laxá í Þing o. Brúa	3199
3	River Fremri Laxá á Ásum	1843
4	River Vatnsdalsá	1564
5	River Þingvallavatn	1235
6	River Grenlækur, Jónskvísls og Sýrlækur	1125
7	River Litlaá	1087
8	River Ölfusá	1039
9	River Hróarsholtslækur	818
10	Lake Amarvatn-Stóra og Austurá	750

*includes catcha and release*

Table 8. Top 10 list of river or lakes with Arctic charr in 2015 including both migratory and stationary fish stocks.

No	River or Lake	Arctic Charr catch <sup>1</sup> (Number)
1	Lake Veiðivötn	10381
2	River Fljótaá	1183
3	River Víðidalsá og Fitjá	1148
4	River Norðfjarðará	986
5	Lake Hlíðarvatn	843
6	Lake Vatnsdalsá	836
7	River Vatnasvæði Jökulsár á Dal	731
8	Lake Skjálftavatn	688
9	River Gufudalsá	602
10	River Brúará og Hagaós	579

*includes catcha and release*



**Table 9.** Number and weight in the rod catch in Reykjanes 2015. Total catch, catch landed, mean weight, grilse/salmon ratio of Atlantic salmon, brown trout, and Arctic charr (MW = mean weight (kg)).

River	Salmon					Grilse (1SW)					Salmon (2SW)					Brown trout					Arctic charr						
	Catch	Released	Catch landed	Weight landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	Weight Landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	Weight Landed	MW
Elliðaár	870	200	670	1568	2,3	854	664	190	22,2	2,3	16	6	10	62,5	5,1	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Elliðavatn *													0														
Úlfarsá (Korpa)	341	116	225	474	2,1	339	223	116	34,2	2,1	2	2	0	0,0		34	31	3	8,8	42	1,4	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Leirvogsa	706	53	653	1489	2,3	681	637	44	6,5	2,2	25	16	9	36,0	4,2	29	29	0	0,0	0		1	1	0	0,0	0	0,0
Blikdalsá	9	0	9	21	2,3	9	9	0	0,0	2,3	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Kiðafellsá *				0									0														
Laxá í Kjós	1097	602	495	1188	2,4	1017	481	536	52,7	2,3	80	14	66	82,5	4,4	82	28	54	65,9	52	1,9	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Bugða	293	275	18	50	2,8	277	18	259	93,5	2,4	16	0	16	100,0	4,5	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Meðalfellsva *				0				0					0														
Brynjudalsá	147	85	62	138	2,2	142	60	82	57,7	2,1	5	2	3	60,0	4,9	17	9	8	47,1		2,0			0	0,0	0	0,0
Botnsá	152	7	145	307	2,1	145	145	0	0,0	2,0	7	0	7	100,0	4,3	22	21	1	4,5	41	2,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Djúpavatn				0												185	160	25	13,5	120	0,8	176	166	0	0,0	86	0,5
<b>Reykjanes Total:</b>	<b>3615</b>	<b>1338</b>	<b>2277</b>	<b>5235</b>		<b>3464</b>	<b>2237</b>	<b>1227</b>	<b>35,4</b>	<b>0,0</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>73,5</b>	<b>0,0</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>32,7</b>	<b>255</b>		<b>177</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0,0</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>0,0</b>

\* no records

**Table 10.** Number and weight in the rod catch in Vesturland 2015. Total catch, catch landed, mean weight, grilse/salmon ratio of Atlantic salmon, brown trout, and Arctic charr (MW = mean weight (kg)).

River	Salmon					Grilse (1SW)					Salmon (2SW)					Brown trout					Arctic charr		Released	%	Weight Landed	MW		
	Catch	Released	Catch landed	Weight landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	%	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	%	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	%	Weight Landed	MW	Catch					Landed	Released
Vötn í Svínadal *																												
Selós og Þverá	38	0	38	83	2,2	37	37	0	0,0	2,1	1	1	0	0,0	5,1	37	36	1	2,7	46	1,3	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	
Laxá í Leirársveit	1121	333	788	1923	2,4	1067	768	299	28,0	2,4	54	20	34	63,0	4,9	98	91	7	7,1	126	1,4	12	10	2	16,7	10	1,0	
Leirá í Leirársveit	13	1	12	20	1,7	13	12	1	7,7	1,7	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	21	13	8	38,1	25	1,9	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	
Hafnará *																												
Hvítá í Borgarfirði & Gufuá	1259	92	1167	2754	2,4	1193	1126	67	5,6	2,3	66	41	25	37,9	4,3	440	422	18	4,1	426	1,0	29	29	0	0,0	28	1,0	
Seleyri *																												
Andakilsá	379	5	374	834	2,2	364	361	3	0,8	2,1	15	13	2	13,3	4,6	4	4	0	0,0	3	0,8	3	3	0	0,0	4	1,2	
Grimsá og Tunguá	1405	874	531	1290	2,4	1309	508	801	61,2	2,4	96	23	73	76,0	4,2	73	62	11	15,1	101	1,6	6	4	2	33,3	4	1,0	
Flókadalsá	818	62	756	1520	2,0	812	750	62	7,6	2,0	6	6	0	0,0	4,2	6	6	0	0,0	10	1,7	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	
Reykjadalsá	335	22	313	736	2,4	315	309	7	2,2	2,3	20	4	16	80,0	4,7	21	21	0	0,0	23	1,1	1	1	0	0,0	1	1,2	
Þverá og Kjarrá	1414	674	740	1850	2,5	1240	720	520	41,9	2,5	174	20	154	88,5	4,6	69	63	6	8,7	66	1,1	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	
Litla-Þverá	40	5	35	81	2,3	37	35	2	5,4	2,3	3	0	3	100,0	0,0	8	8	0	0,0	10	1,2	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	
Norðurá	2889	898	1991	4838	2,4	2640	1964	676	25,6	2,3	249	27	222	89,2	6,7	55	46	9	16,4	78	1,7	9	9	0	0,0	13	1,4	
Norðlingaflljót	640	77	563	1295	2,3	572	507	65	11,4	2,1	68	56	12	17,6	5,1	10	10	0	0,0	9	0,9	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	
Gjúfurá	639	25	614	1240	2,0	631	608	23	3,6	2,0	8	6	2	25,0	5,0	37	36	1	2,7	42	1,2	1	1	0	0,0	1	1,0	
Langá	2612	667	1945	4026	2,1	2550	1927	623	24,4	2,1	62	18	44	71,0	4,2	3	3	0	0,0	5	1,8	49	33	16	32,7	45	1,4	
Urriðaa	94	4	90	199	2,2	94	90	4	4,3	2,2	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	70	70	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	
Álftá og Veita	358	17	341	764	2,2	354	338	16	4,5	2,2	4	3	1	25,0	4,3	99	99	0	0,0	93	0,9	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	
Hítará	1223	175	1048	2442	2,3	1153	1015	138	12,0	2,3	70	33	37	52,9	4,4	21	19	2	9,5	25	1,3	8	8	0	0,0	8	1,0	
Haffjarðará	1650	1295	355	895	2,5	1400	337	1063	75,9	2,4	250	18	232	92,8	4,3	212	89	123	58,0	92	1,0	39	14	25	64,1	22	1,6	
Hlíðarvatn																172	172	0	0,0	93	0,5	54	54	0	0,0	37	0,7	
Núpa í Eyjahreppi #																												
Laxá í Miklaholtshr. *																												
Straumfjarðará	499	109	390	854	2,2	452	384	68	15,0	2,2	47	6	41	87,2	4,1	46	38	8	17,4	46	1,2	20	20	0	0,0	27	1,3	
Vatnasvæði Lýsu	8	0	8	24	3,0	7	7	0	0,0	2,9	1	1	0	0,0	3,5	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	

**Table 10 (continued).** Number and weight in the rod catch in Vesturland 2015. Total catch, catch landed, mean weight, grilse/salmon ratio of Atlantic salmon, brown trout, and Arctic charr (MW = mean weight (kg)).

River	Salmon					Grilse (1SW)					Salmon (2SW)					Brown trout					Arctic charr						
	Catch	Released	Catch landed	Weight landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	Weight Landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	Weight Landed	MW
Staðará *																											
Gríshólsá og Bakká	62	43	19	57	3,0	43	15	28	34,9	2,4	19	4	15	21,1	5,1	86	35	51	40,7	51	2,1	49	27	22	44,9	12	0,5
Órlygsstaðaá-Kársst.*																											
Fróðá	140	88	52	102	2,0	124	52	72	41,9	2,0	16	0	16	0,0	4,8	1	1	0	100,0	1	0,9	11	11	0	0,0	8	0,7
Valshamarsá	8	0	8	14	1,7	8	8		100,0	1,7	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	4	4		100,0	7	1,7	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Setbergsá *																											
Stóra-Langadalsá #																											
Laxá á Skógarströnd	196	32	164	346	2,1	181	151	30	83,4	2,1	15	13	2	86,7	3,9	2	2	0	100,0	4	2,1	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Svínafossá	13	0	13	24	1,9	13	13	0	100,0	1,9	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	2	1	1	50,0	1	0,8	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Dunká	93	24	69	146	2,1	90	67	23	74,4	2,0	3	2	1	66,7	5,8	2	2	0	100,0	2	1,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Hörðudalsá	106	10	96	224	2,3	100	90	10	90,0	2,2	6	6	0	100,0	5,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	32	29	3	9,4	26	0,9
Skrauma #																											
Miðá og Tunguá	334	4	330	884	2,7	288	286	2	99,3	2,4	46	44	2	95,7	4,7	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	258	258	0	0,0	175	0,7
Haukadalsá neðri	680	367	313	776	2,5	616	306	310	49,7	2,5	64	7	57	10,9	4,8	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	30	30	0	0,0	22	0,7
Haukadalsá efri *																											
Laxá í Dölum	1575	1092	483	1203	2,5	1464	469	995	32,0	2,4	111	14	97	12,6	4,5	8	3	5	37,5	6	2,0	12	5	7	58,3	3	0,6
Ljá *																											
Ljárskógurvötn *																											
Fáskrúð	265	40	225	545	2,4	251	212	39	15,5	2,3	14	13	1	92,9	4,4	2	2	0	100,0	1	0,5	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Glerá *																											
Laxá í Hvammsveit	69	0	69	160	2,3	63	63	0	0,0	2,1	6	6	0	0,0	4,8	7	7	0	100,0	8	1,1	2	2	0	0,0	2	1,0
Flekkudalsá	221	97	124	281	2,3	209	122	87	41,6	2,2	12	2	10	83,3	5,0	6	5	1	83,3	9	1,7	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Krossá	93	11	82	173	2,1	89	80	9	10,1	2,6	4	2	2	50,0	4,4	22	22	0	100,0	17	0,8	30	30	0	0,0	15	0,5
Búðardalsá	466	106	360	864	2,4	403	340	63	15,6	2,3	63	20	43	68,3	4,6	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	5	5	0	0,0	2	0,4
Staðarhólsá og Hvolsá	166	4	162	374	2,3	152	151	1	0,7	2,2	14	11	3	21,4	4,3	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	304	278	26	8,6	203	0,7
<b>Vesturland Total:</b>	<b>22109</b>	<b>7261</b>	<b>14848</b>	<b>34229</b>	<b>2,3</b>	<b>20520</b>	<b>14408</b>	<b>6113</b>	<b>29,8</b>		<b>1589</b>	<b>440</b>	<b>1149</b>	<b>72,3</b>		<b>1665</b>	<b>1412</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>15,2</b>	<b>1448</b>	<b>1,0</b>	<b>964</b>	<b>861</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>10,7</b>	<b>666</b>	<b>0,8</b>

\* no records

& Hvítá í Borgarfirði, combined for: Brenna, Svarthöfði, Straumar, Skuggi, Ferjukot-Norðurkot.

# River closed for all fishery

**Table 11.** Number and weight in the rod catch in Vestfirðir 2015. Total catch, catch landed, mean weight, grilse/salmon ratio of Atlantic salmon, brown trout, and Arctic charr (MW = mean weight (kg)).

River	Salmon					Grilse (1SW)					Salmon (2SW)					Brown trout					Arctic charr						
	Catch	Released	Catch landed	Weight landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	Weight Landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	Weight Landed	MW
Gufudalsá	19	0	19	51	2,7	17	17	0	0,0	2,3	2	2	0	0,0	5,7	10	10	0	0	11	1,1	602	561	41	6,8	359	0,6
Porskafjarðará	49	15	34	71	2,1	44	34	10	22,7	2,1	5	0	5	100,0	0,0	5	5	0	0,0	5	1,0	66	52	14	21,2	0	
Vatnsdalsá í Vatnsfirði *																											
Fjarðarhornsá *																											
Skálmardalsá *																											
Mórudalsá *																											
Suðurfossá	13	0	13	24	1,9	13	13	0	0,0	1,9	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	2	1	1	100,0	1	0,8	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Staðará í Séganda *																											
Syðridalsvatn																						1	1	0	0,0	1	1,0
Fljótavík *																											
Heydalsá *																											
Fossá í Skutulsfirði *																											
Langadalsá	473	74	399	910	2,3	416	380	36	8,7	2,2	57	19	38	66,7	4,7	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	11	11	0	0,0	11	1,0
Ísafjarðará	30	0	30	71	2,4	30	30	0	0,0	2,4	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	2	2	0	0,0	2	0,9
Laugardalsá	520	306	214	537	2,5	468	209	259	55,3	2,5	52	5	7	13,5	4,1	455	147	308	209,5	148	1,0	67	17	50	74,6	19	1,1
Laugardalsvatn *																											
Hvannadalsá	66	5	61	146	2,4	60	57	3	5,0	2,3	6	4	2	33,3	4,4	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Selá í Ísafjarðardjúpi *																											
Bjarnarfjarðará *																											
Hvalsá *																											
Selá í Steingrímsf.	12	1	11	33	3,0	9	8	1	11,1	2,4	3	3	0	0,0	4,7	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	41	36	5	12,2	33	0,9
Staðará í Steing. *																											
Miðdalsá *																											
Víðidalsá, Þverá, Húsá	138	3	135	366	2,7	122	119	3	2,5	2,3	16	16	0	0,0	5,3	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	5	5	0	0,0	3	0,5
Hrófá	82	0	82	209	2,6	72	72	0	0,0	2,3	10	10	0	0,0	4,3	1	1	0	0,0	0	0,5	2	2	0	0,0	3	1,4
Prestbakkaá	125	1	124	288	2,3	121	120	1	0,8	2,3	4	4	0	0,0	3,8	4	4	0	0,0	0	0,5	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Krossá	51	2	49	151	3,1	37	36	1	2,7	2,4	14	13	1	7,1	4,9	1	1	0	0,0	1	1,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Víkurá	206	14	192	524	2,7	179	168	11	6,1	2,4	27	24	3	11,1	5,4	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	3	3	0	0,0	2	0,5
Lauxá í Hrútafirði	77	4	73	181	2,5	74	70	4	5,4	2,4	3	3	0	0,0	5,4	1	1	0	0,0	1	1,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
<b>Vestfirðir Total</b>	<b>1861</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>1436</b>	<b>3563,4</b>	<b>2,5</b>	<b>1662</b>	<b>1333</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>19,8</b>		<b>199</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>28,1</b>		<b>479</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>64,5</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>1,0</b>	<b>800</b>	<b>690</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>13,8</b>	<b>431</b>	<b>0,62</b>

\* no records

**Table 12.** Number and weight in the rod catch in Norðurlandi vestra 2015. Total catch, catch landed, mean weight, grilse/salmon ratio of Atlantic salmon, brown trout, and Arctic charr (MW = mean weight (kg)).

River	Salmon					Grilse (ISW)					Salmon (ZSW)					Brown trout					Arctic charr							
	Catch	Released	Catch landed	Weight landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	%	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	%	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	%	Weight Landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	%	Weight Landed	MW	
Hrútafjarðará og Síká	849	368	481	1318	2,7	733	465	268	36,6	2,6	116	16	100	86,2	5,6	2	2	0	0,0	0,0	1	0,4	53	53	0	0,0	122	2,3
Tjarnará *																												
Hamarsá	23	5	18	43	2,4	22	17	5	22,7	2,3	1	1	0	0,0	6,0	2	2	0	0,0	2	1,0	7	7	0	0,0	4	0,6	
Miðfjarðará	5911	5549	362	1024	2,8	5153	340	4813	93,4	2,7	758	22	736	97,1	4,6	31	29	2	6,5	45	1,6	73	55	18	24,7	85	1,6	
Amarv.-Stóra og Austurá																750	494	256	34,1	657	1,3	46	36	10	21,7	45	1,3	
Viðdalsá og Fitjá	1601	1113	488	1518	3,1	1166	454	712	61,1	2,8	435	34	401	92,2	7,1	195	185	10	5,1	385	2,1	1148	1133	15	1,3	1360	1,2	
Vatnsdalsá	1458	1208	250	818	3,3	971	189	782	80,5	2,6	487	61	426	87,5	5,3	1564	1510	54	3,5	1782	1,2	836	819	17	2,0	1032	1,3	
Cítjá %																												
Gjúfurá	69	58	11	34	3,1	60	11	49	81,7	3,1	9	0	9	100,0	0,0	27	27	0	0,0	31	1,2	34	33	1	2,9	22	0,7	
Laxá á Ásum	1778	1480	298	817	2,7	1566	288	1278	81,6	2,7	212	10	202	95,3	4,8	11	7	4	36,4	12	1,7	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	
Fremri Laxá á Ásum	40	3	37	90	2,4	34	31	3	8,8	2,4	6	6	0	0,0	5,4	1843	302	1541	83,6	1		2	2	0	0,0	2	1,0	
Blanda	4806	688	4118	12642	3,1	3821	3281	540	14,1	2,5	985	837	148	15,0	5,1	186	184	2	1,1	302	1,6	51	50	1	2,0	60	1,2	
Svartá	619	188	431	1125	2,6	513	404	109	21,2	2,4	106	27	79	74,5	5,1	33	30	3	9,1	38	1,3	16	13	3	18,8	20	1,5	
Langavatn á Refas. *																												
Seyðisá *																												
Laxá á Refasveit	473	25	448	1210	2,7	415	396	19	4,6	2,4	58	52	6	10,3	5,3	1	1	0	0,0	1	0,7	1	1	0	0,0	0	2,0	
Hallá	100	1	99	262	2,7	83	83	0	0,0	2,3	17	16	1	5,9	4,5	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	
Laxá í Nesjum	18	0	18	45	2,5	16	16	0	0,0	2,3	2	2	0	0,0	4,2	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	
Fossá á Skaga	93	3	90	275	3,1	75	73	2	2,7	2,6	18	17	1	5,6	5,2	4	4	0	0,0	2	0,5	1	1	0	0,0	1	0,5	
Laxá á Skaga #																												
Svartá o. Reykjafoss																124	38	86	69,4	0	0,5							
Húseyjarkvísl	420	412	8	24	2,9	316	6	310	98,1	2,6	104	2	102	98,1	5,0	508	417	91	17,9	646	1,6	6	1	5	83,3	1	1,0	
Sæmundará	292	125	167	459	2,8	247	154	93	37,7	2,6	45	13	32	71,1	4,3	114	106	8	7,0	135	1,3	11	10	1	9,1	10	1,0	
Norðurá í Skagafirði *																												
Héraðsvötn *																												
Hofsá Vesturdal *																												
Hjaltadalsá og Kolka	20	0	20	62	3,1	14	14	0	0,0	2,7	6	6	0	0,0	5,0	16	16	0	0,0	32	2,0	191	190	1	0,5	192	1,0	
Hofsá, Unadalsá *																												
Crafará *																												
Hrollleifsdalsá	20	1	19	44	2,3	18	17	1	5,6	2,1	2	2	0	0,0	4,6	154	149	5	3,2	134	0,9	118	114	4	3,4	92	0,8	
Flókadalsá efri	1	0	1	4	4,0	1	1	0	0,0	4,0	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	2	2	0	0,0	3	1,5	127	124	3	2,4	124	1,0	
Flókadalsá neðri	9	0	9	24	2,6	8	8	0	0,0	2,2	1	1	0	0,0	6,1	78	70	8	10,3	75	1,1	176	161	15	8,5	95	0,6	
Fljótaá	148	129	19	77	4,1	106	8	98	92,5	2,9	42	11	31	73,8	5,6	3	2	1	33,3	3	1,4	1183	1004	179	15,1	492	0,5	
<b>Norðurland vestra Total</b>	<b>18748</b>	<b>11356</b>	<b>7392</b>	<b>21913</b>	<b>3,0</b>	<b>15338</b>	<b>6256</b>	<b>9082</b>	<b>59,2</b>		<b>3410</b>	<b>1136</b>	<b>2274</b>	<b>66,7</b>		<b>5648</b>	<b>3577</b>	<b>2071</b>	<b>36,7</b>	<b>4286</b>	<b>1,2</b>	<b>4080</b>	<b>3807</b>	<b>273</b>	<b>6,7</b>	<b>3758,51</b>	<b>0,99</b>	

\* no records

% Recorded with River Vatnsdalsá

**Table 13.** Number and weight in the rod catch in Norðurlandi eystra 2015. Total catch, catch landed, mean weight, grilse/salmon ratio of Atlantic salmon, brown trout, and Arctic charr (MW = mean weight (kg)).

River	Salmon					Grilse (ISW)					Salmon (2SW)					Brown trout					Arctic charr						
	Catch	Released	Catch landed	Weight landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	Released	Weight Landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	Released	Weight Landed	MW
Fjarðará í Siglufirði *																											
Ólafsfjarðará *																											
Svarfaðardalsá	3	0	3	5	1,7	3	3	0	0,0	1,7	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	287	255	32	11,1	194	0,8	477	443	34	7,1	753	1,7
Héðinsfjarðará *																											
Héðinsfjarðarvat *																											
Dorvaldsdalsá *																											
Hörgá	1	0	1	3	2,5	1	1	0	0,0	2,5	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	154	110	44	28,6	110	1,0	409	302	107	0,0	332	1,1
Eyjafjarðará	3	0	3	8	2,6	3	3	0	0,0	2,6	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	219	96	123	56,2	135	1,4	246	27	219	89,0	41	1,5
Fnjóska	514	176	338	1048	3,1	450	291	159	64,7	2,6	64	47	17	73,4	5,3	128	122	6	4,7	146	1,2	342	276	66	19,3	331	1,2
Bakkaá í Fnjóskadal *																											
Fnjóska Bleikjasmýrdal *																											
Fjarðará í Hvalvatnsf.																						20	20	0	0,0	30	1,5
Dalsá á Flateyjardal																						139	139	0	0,0	139	1,0
Djúpa	18	3	15	39	2,6	13	12	1	92,3	2,2	5	3	2	60,0	4,8	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Skjálfandafliót A-deild	690	3	687	1766	2,6	585	583	2	99,7	2,2	105	104	1	99,0	4,9	75	75	0	0,0	78	1,0	125	125	0	0,0	116	0,9
Skjálfandafliót B-deild Millifossasy*																											
Laxá í Aðaldal	1183	999	184	736	4,0	614	116	498	18,9	2,8	569	68	501	12,0	6,0	280	161	119	42,5	293	1,8	3	2	1	0,0	1	0,4
Laxá í Þing o. Brúa																3199	1584	1615	50,5	2788	1,8	15	13	2	13,3	24	1,9
Amarvatnsá og Helluvaðsá																233	11	222	95,3	5	0,4	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Kraka																45	4	41	91,1	4	1,0	3	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Cautilandalækur #																											
Reykjadalsá, Eyvindarl.	71	35	36	108	3,0	38	12	26	31,6	2,8	33	24	9	72,7	3,6	700	487	213	30,4	682	1,4	1	1	0	0,0	2	1,5
Mýrarkvísl	165	126	39	113	2,9	141	34	107	24,1	2,6	24	5	19	20,8	5,2	424	111	313	0,0	131	1,2	159	47	112	0,0	47	1,0
Litlaá	8	4	4	12	2,9	6	2	4	33,3	2,8	2	2	0	100,0	5,0	1087	26	1061	97,6	44	1,7	141	5	136	0,0	10	2,0
Skjálfavatn	0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	97	8	89	91,8	18	2,2	688	45	643	93,5	23	0,5
Brunná	0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	105	28	77	73,3	1	1,0	221	84	137	62,0	126	1,5
Deildará	303	56	247	679	2,8	250	211	39	84,4	2,4	53	36	17	67,9	4,7	134	81	53	39,6	174	2,2	48	44	4	8,3	81	1,9
Ormarsá	851	701	150	431	2,9	635	137	498	21,6	2,6	216	13	203	6,0	5,4	97	81	16	16,5	232	2,9	153	119	34	22,2	124	1,0
Svalbarðsá	758	736	22	87	4,0	530	9	521	1,7	2,6	228	13	215	5,7	5,3	22	10	12	54,5	15	1,5	15	4	11	73,3	8	2,0
Sandá	531	430	101	292	2,9	318	81	237	25,5	2,4	213	20	193	9,4	4,9	1	1	0	0,0	1	1,0	4	4	0	0,0	6	1,5
Hafralónsá	259	171	88	219	2,5	177	75	102	42,4	2,1	82	13	69	15,9	5,0	15	15	0	0,0	33	2,2	59	57	2	3,4	75	1,3
Kverká	23	7	16	50	3,1	16	11	5	68,8	2,1	7	5	2	71,4	5,4	1	1	0	0,0	1	1,0			0	0,0	0	
Hölná	136	134	2	5	2,3	92	1	91	1,1	3,5	44	1	43	2,3	4,9	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	3	0	3	100,0	0	1,0
Bakkaá (v.f. Sandvíkur) *																											
Lónsá og Sauðanesá	3	3	0	0	3,5	1	0	0	0,0	1,3	2	0	0	0,0	3,5	154	38	116	75,3	84	2,2	127	60	0	0,0	82	1,4
<b>Norðurland eystra Total</b>	<b>5520</b>	<b>3584</b>	<b>1936</b>	<b>5599</b>	<b>51,65</b>	<b>3873</b>	<b>1582</b>	<b>2290</b>	<b>40,8</b>		<b>1647</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>1291</b>	<b>21,5</b>		<b>7457</b>	<b>3305</b>	<b>4152</b>	<b>55,7</b>	<b>5169</b>		<b>3398</b>	<b>1817</b>	<b>1511</b>	<b>44,5</b>	<b>2350</b>	

\* No records

**Table 14.** Number and weight in the rod catch in Austurland 2015. Total catch, catch landed, mean weight, grilse/salmon ratio of Atlantic salmon, brown trout, and Arctic charr (MW = mean weight (kg)).

River	Salmon					Grilse (1SW)					Salmon (2SW)					Brown trout					Arctic charr							
	Catch	Released	Catch landed	Weight landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	Released	MW	Catch	Land	Released	Released	Weight Landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	Released	Weight Landed	MW	
Miðfjarða og Kverká	273	167	106	236	2,2	211	104	107	51	2,2	62	2	60	97	3,5	2	2	0	0	0	1,5	1	1	0	0	0	1	1,0
Hölná í Bakkaf	33	29	4	6	1,4	21	4	17	81,0	1,4	12	0	12	100	5,2	8	7	1	12,5	0	1,1	4	4	0	0,0	4	1,0	
Selá í Vopnafirði	1151	910	241	713	3,0	770	184	586	76,1	2,3	381	57	324	85	5,2	10	7	3	0,0	0	0,0	9	7	2	22,2	7	1,0	
Vesturdalsá	242	105	137	303	2,2	162	122	40	24,7	1,9	80	15	65	81	4,8	9	7	2	0,0	15	2,1	114	108	6	5,3	161	1,5	
Hofsá	463	313	150	413	2,8	299	128	171	57,2	2,4	164	22	142	87	5,0	22	22	0	0,0	21	1,0	291	290	1	0,3	281	1,0	
Sunnudalsá	50	45	5	15	3,0	44	5	39	88,6	2,6	6	0	6	100	4,8	4	3	1	25,0	3	1,0	6	3	3	50,0	3	0,9	
Fögruhlóðará	85	45	40	118	3,0	49	27	22	44,9	2,2	36	13	23	64	4,6	55	37	18	32,7	40	1,1	197	91	106	53,8	80	0,9	
Vatnasv. Jökulsár á Dal	731	510	221	568	2,6	538	184	354	65,8	2,1	193	37	156	81	4,9	13	8	5	38,5	12	1,5	731	221	510	69,8	212	1,0	
Gilsá og Selfljót	43	0	43	89	2,1	40	40	0	0,0	1,9	3	3	0	0	4,4	118	117	1	0,8	112	1,0	115	113	2	1,7	101	0,9	
Eyvindará *																												
Kelduá *																												
Grímsá á Fljótsdalshérði *																												
Fjarðará, Borgarf.-Eystra *																												
Fjarðará, Seyðisfirði	23	1	22	30	1,4	22	22	0	0,0	1,3	1	0	1	100	3,5	1	1	0	0,0	1	0,8	247	243	4	1,6	160	0,7	
Norðfjarðará	11	0	11	29	2,6	9	9	0	0,0	2,0	2	2	0	0	5,3	2	2	0	0,0	2	1,0	986	807	179	18,2	734	0,9	
Fjarðará, Loðmundarf. *																												
Sléttuá í Reyðarfirði #																												
Dalsá í Fáskrúðsfirði	6	0	6	10	1,7	6	6	0	0,0	1,7	0	0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	46	46	0	0,0	47	1,0		
Breiðdalsá	383	229	154	497	3,2	186	95	91	48,9	2,1	197	59	138	70	5,1	284	171	113	39,8	118	0,7	289	114	175	60,6	97	0,9	
Selá í Álftafirði *																												
Ceithellnaá *																												
Hofitellsá *																												
Laxá í Nesjum *																												
<b>Austurland Total:</b>	<b>3494</b>	<b>2354</b>	<b>1140</b>	<b>3027</b>	<b>2,7</b>	<b>2357</b>	<b>930</b>	<b>1427</b>	<b>60,5</b>		<b>1137</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>927</b>	<b>82</b>		<b>528</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>27,3</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>0,8</b>	<b>3036</b>	<b>2048</b>	<b>988</b>	<b>32,5</b>	<b>1889</b>	<b>0,9</b>	

\* no records

# closed for fishery

**Table 15.** Number and weight in the rod catch in Sudurland 2015. Total catch, catch landed, mean weight, grilse/salmon ratio of Atlantic salmon, brown trout, and Arctic charr (MW = mean weight (kg)).

River	Salmon					Grilse (1SW)					Salmon (2SW)					Brown trout					Arctic charr						
	Catch	Released	Catch landed	Weight landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	Weight Landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	Weight Landed	MW
Brunná *																											
Laxá, Brúará, Djúpa Eldvatn á Brunas. *	1	0	1	2	2,2	1	1	0	0,0	2,2	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	55	52	3	5,5	88	1,7	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Fossálar																125	125	0	0,0	274	2,2	2	2	0	0,0	2	1,1
Vatnamót	2	0	2	4	1,8	2	2	0	0,0	1,8	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	648	319	329	50,8	600	1,9	8	8	0	0,0	6	0,8
Hólmasvæði	5	0	5	17	3,5	2	2	0	0,0	2,8	3	3	0	3,9		24	15	9	37,5	43	2,8	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Geirlandsá	29	0	29	68	2,3	25	25	0	0,0	2,1	4	4	0	0,0	3,8	353	266	87	24,6	670	2,5	6	6	0	0,0	6	1,1
Skaftá *																											
Hörgsá á Siðu	4	0	4	16	4,0	2	2	0	0,0	1,5	2	2	0	0,0	6,4	72	72	0	0,0	161	2,2	3	3	0	0,0	0	1,0
Fjaðrá *			0																								
Víkurflóð *			0																								
Hæðargarðsvatn *			0																								
Holtsá *			0																								
Tungulækur *			0																								
Grænlægur, Jónskv., Sýrl.	2	0	2	6	3,2	1	1	0	0,0	1,5	1	1	0	0,0	4,8	1125	722	403	35,8	1386	1,9	37	29	8	21,6	48	1,7
Steinsmýrarvötn *			0																								
Eyjalón *			0																								
Eldvatn í Meðallandi	15	13	2	4	2,1	15	2	13	86,7	2,1	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	416	139	277	66,6	282	2,0	7	5	2	28,6	9	1,7
Tungufljót *																											
Kúðaflljót *																											
Skálm *																											
Vatnsá og Kerlingadalssá	180	59	121	324	2,7	130	104	26	20,0	2,2	50	17	33	66,0	5,4	84	63	21	25,0	117	1,9	23	22	1	4,3	34,1	1,6
Heiðarvatn *			0																								
Skógaá *			0																								
Markarfljót, Álur *			0																								
Afíall, A-Landeyjum	558	2	556	1379	2,5	481	481	0	0,0	2,1	77	75	2	2,6	4,7	105	98	7	6,7	131	1,3	2	2	0	0,0	2	0,8
Ytri-Rangá, Hólsá Vesturb.	8802	724	8078	18741	2,3	8171	7519	652	8,0	2,1	631	559	72	11,4	5,2	112	58	54	48,2	88	1,5	22	13	9	40,9	17	1,3
Hólsá - austurbakki	646	0	646	1951	3,0	547	547	0	0,0	2,5	99	99	0	0,0	6,1	33	33	0	0,0	72	2,2	7	7	0	0,0	12	1,7
Eystri-Rangá	2749	129	2620	6995	2,7	2149	2073	76	3,5	2,0	600	547	53	8,8	5,1	106	94	12	11,3	121	1,3	31	19	12	38,7	24	1,3
Þverá &	281	13	268	724	2,7	220	212	8	3,6	2,0	61	56	5	8,2	5,1	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Hróarslækur	130	7	123	287	2,3	124	117	7	5,6	2,2	6	6	0	0	5,6	20	19	1	5,0	28	1,5	6	5	1	16,7	7	1,3
Minnivallarlækur	1	1	0	0		1	0	1	100,0							351	31	320	91,2	40	1,3			0	0,0	0	
Galtlækur *																											



**Table 15. (continued).** Number and weight in the rod catch in Sudurland 2015. Total catch, catch landed, mean weight, grilse/salmon ratio of Atlantic salmon, brown trout, and Arctic charr (MW = mean weight (kg)).

River	Salmon					Grilse (1SW)					Salmon (2SW)					Brown trout					Arctic charr						
	Catch	Released	Catch landed	Weight landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	Weight Landed	MW	Catch	Landed	Released	% Released	Weight Landed	MW
Kálfá	344	158	186	419	2,3	308	186	122	39,6	2,3	36	0	36	100,0	4,6	16	14	2	12,5	13	0,9	0	0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Fossá í Þjórsárdal	43	43	0	0	3,1	37	0	37	100,0	2,7	6	0	6	100,0	6,1			0	0,0	0				0	0,0	0	
Sandá í Þjórsárdal *																											
Dverá í Þjórsárdal	5	1	4	9	2,3	5	4	1	20,0	2,3	0	0	0	0,0	0,0	14	14	0	0,0	14	1,0	8	8	0	0,0	11	1,4
Þjórsá	230	3	227	636	2,8	190	188	2	1,1	2,3	40	39	1	0	5,2	118	118	0	0,0	222	1,9	2	2	0	0,0	2	1,0
Kaldakvísl *																											
Kvíslaveitur																573	573	0	0,0	573	1,0						
Botnsvatn *																											
Fellendavatn																12	12	0	0,0	17	1,4						
Þórisvatn																268	268	0	0,0	273	1,0						
Sporðöldulón *																											
Veiðivötn																8160	8160	0	0,0	8160	1,0	10381	10381	0	0,0	3945	0,4
Laugarvatn *																											
Hólaá																40	24	16	40,0	19	0,8	13	3	10	76,9	2	0,6
Ápá *																											
Apavatn																519	509	10	1,9	295	0,6	4	3	1	25,0	3	1,0
Ölfusá	495	3	492	1230	2,5	448	446	2	0,4	2,2	47	46	1	2,1	5,0	1039	1039	0	0,0	1	0,8	11	11	0	0,0	13	1,2
Hvítá	686	9	677	1889	2,8	582	579	3	0,5	2,4	104	98	6	5,8	5,2	195	189	6	3,1	301	1,6	7	7	0	0,0	9	1,3
Brúará og Hagaós	48	18	30	81	2,7	40	22	18	45,0	2,1	8	8	0	0,0	4,4	121	116	5	4,1	114	1,0	579	540	39	6,7	513	1,0
Litla-Laxá *																											
Stóra-Laxá	654	492	162	421	2,6	548	149	399	72,8	2,7	106	13	93	87,7	4,6	34	17	17	50,0	34	2,0	8	4	4	50,0	5	1,3
Tungufljót Biskupstungur	76	36	40	104	2,6	64	30	34	53,1	2,4	12	10	2	16,7	5,0												
Sog	333	90	243	729	3,0	230	187	43	18,7	2,4	103	56	47	45,6	4,8	15	11	4	26,7	18	1,7	65	35	4	6,2	49	1,4
Ásgarðslækur *																				0							
Varná/Þorleifs lækur																244	50	194	79,5	69	1,4	71	4	67	94,4	20	5,0
Hróarsholtslækur	42	1	41	112	2,7	39	38	1	2,6	2,5	3	3	0	0	5,6	818	706	112	13,7	1772	2,5	4	4	0	0,0	3	0,8
Úlfjótavatn *																											
Pingvallavatn																1235	40	1195	96,8	340	8,5	38	2	36	94,7	1	0,7
Hlíðarvatn																11	11	0	0,0	15	1,4	843	780	63	7,5	554	0,7
<b>Sudurland Total</b>	<b>16361</b>	<b>1802</b>	<b>14559</b>	<b>36147</b>	<b>2,5</b>	<b>14362</b>	<b>12917</b>	<b>1445</b>	<b>10,1</b>		<b>1999</b>	<b>1642</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>17,9</b>		<b>17061</b>	<b>13977</b>	<b>3084</b>	<b>18,1</b>	<b>16352</b>	<b>1,2</b>	<b>12188</b>	<b>11905</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>2,1</b>	<b>5296</b>	<b>0,4</b>

Table 16. Rod catch of Atlantic salmon in Icelandic rivers 1974-2015.

Table with columns: River, Year (1974-2015), Average catch, Max catch, Min catch. Rows include rivers like Elliðaár, Úlfarsá (Korpa), Leirvogfs, Laxá í Kjós, Bugða, Brynjúdsalá, Botnsá, Laxá í Leirársveit, Andakilsá, Hvítá, Grímsá and Tunguá, Flökadalssá, Reykjadalssá, Pverá and Kjarrá, Norðará, Gjúfurá, Langá, Urrlóðá, Álfhá, Hlítará, Hálfjarðará, Straumfjarðará, Vatnshóltsós og vötn, Fróðá, Gríshóltsá and Bakká, Setbergsá, Laxá á Skógarströnd, Dunká, Skrauma, Hróbudalsá, Mlóa and Tunguá, Haukadalsá, Laxá í Dölum, Fásá, Laxá í Hvammssveit, Flekkudalsá, Krossá á Skaróströnd, Búðardalsá, Hvoltsá and Staðarhóls, Fjarðarhornssá, Laugardalsá í Ísafjörð, Ísafjarðará, Langadalsá, Hvannadalsá, Selá í Steingrímsf. Vöðaldalsá í Steingríms, Hrófá, Krossá í Bitru, Víkurá, Hvalsá, Prestbakkaá, Laxá í Hrutafirði.



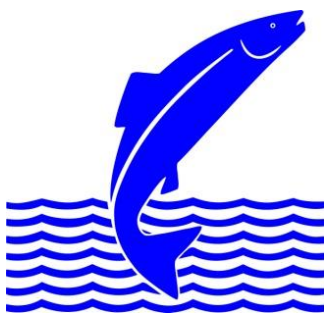




**Table 19.** Catch, by region in netfisheries in 2015 in numer and weight (kg).

Area Area/River	Atlantic salmon		Brown trout		Arctic charr	
	number	weight	number	weight	number	weight
<b>Reykjanes</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Reykjanes</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Borgarfjörður netaveiði í sjó	1	1	20	20	1	1
Hvítá Borg. neðri hluti	23	48	199	145	10	8
Hvítá efrihl. og Norðurlingfl.	66	138	2	31	2	2
Lýsuvatn			41	59	21	33
Reyðarvatn			90	105	51	48
Torfavatn			33	60	53	60
<b>Vesturland</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>152</b>
Selá í Ísafjarðardjúpi *						
<b>Vestfirðir</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Arnarvatn-Stóra			1507	1,5	130	1
Héraðsvötn	7	15	14	23	139	133
Norðurá *						
Miklavatn í Fljótum *						
<b>Norðurland vestra</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1521</b>	<b>24,5</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>134</b>
Skjálfandafljót	118	307	135	135	136	136
Vestmannsvatn *						
Mývatn			1834	840	774	700
<b>Norðurland eystra</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>307</b>	<b>1969</b>	<b>975</b>	<b>910</b>	<b>836</b>
Lagarfljót	1	1	19	19	2	1
<b>Austurland</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
Skaftá	1	1,5	24	100	0	0
Kúðafliót	48	158	102	229	0	0
Mjóásvatn (Álftaveri) *						
Markarfljót Álár *						
Veiðivötn			1682	2430	5735	2029
Kvíslaveitur *						
Þjórsá	3889	9282	272	593	0	0
Laugarvatn			53	31	421	144
Apavatn			12320	6241	10790	3544
Úlfliótsvatn *						
Hvítá í Ámessýslu	767	2035	115	251	22	38
Ölfusá	1259	3401	201	346	3	4
<b>Suðurland</b>	<b>5964</b>	<b>14878</b>	<b>14769</b>	<b>10221</b>	<b>16971</b>	<b>5759</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>6180</b>	<b>15388</b>	<b>18663</b>	<b>11641</b>	<b>18290</b>	<b>6882</b>





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311 Borgarnes



Brekkugata 2  
530 Hvammstangi



Austurvegur 3-5  
800 Selfoss



